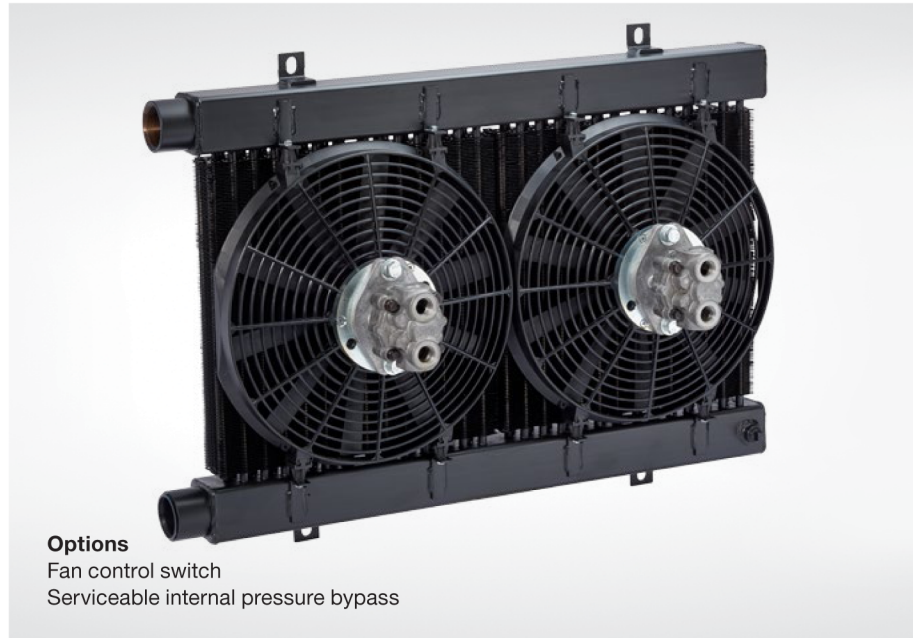


Fluid Cooling Mobile MF Series

Performance Notes

- Similar to M Series with DC fan or hydraulic motor
- 3/8" tube size
- Aluminum fins
- Low amp draw 12 or 24 volt DC motor
- Heavy duty construction
- Long life hydraulic motors
- Heat removal to 50,000 BTU/HR
- Oil flows to 150 GPM
- Mounting brackets included
- SAE, NPT or 37° flare oil connections
- Rugged steel manifolds



Options
Fan control switch
Serviceable internal pressure bypass

Ratings

Maximum Operating Pressure
300 PSI

Maximum Operating Temperature
350°F

Hydraulic Motor Displacement
.22in³/Rev.

Maximum Hydraulic Motor Pressure
2000 PSI

Maximum Allowable Hydraulic Motor Back Pressure
1000 PSI



Materials

Tubes Copper

Fins Aluminum

Turbulators Steel

Manifolds Steel

Fan Assembly High Impact Plastic

Internal Pressure Bypass Options

MFR-15

3/4", external, all steel valve. Available in either 30 PSI or 60 PSI settings. May be removed for servicing.

MFR-30, MFR-60

1½", external, all steel valve. Available in either 30 PSI or 60 PSI settings. May be removed for servicing.

Number of Fans	DC Current Required		Hydraulic Motor Data		
	12 V	24 V	Oil Flow Required (GPM)	Minimum Operating Pressure (PSI)	Maximum Fan Speed (RPM)
1	12.5 amps	6.3 amps	2.1	300	2200
2	25 amps	12.6 amps	4.2	300	2200

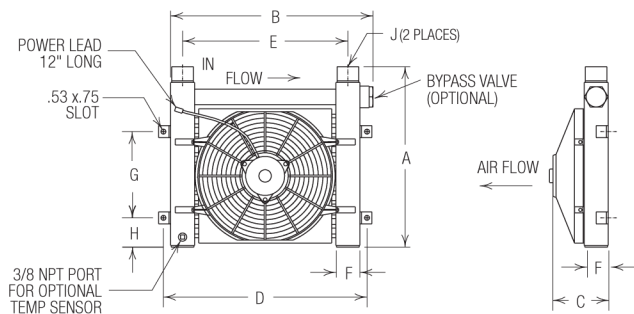
How to Order

[]	-	[] []	-	[]	-	[]	-	[]
Model Series		Model Size Selected		Connection Type*		Motor Specification		Bypass
MF				1 - NPT		NM - No Motor		Blank - No Bypass
MFR - Internal pressure bypass included				2 - SAE		4A - 12 Volt DC		30 - 30 PSI
				3 - BSPP		4B - 24 Volt DC		60 - 60 PSI
				7 - 37° Male Flare		9 - Hydraulic Motor		ADD FOR MFR MODELS ONLY

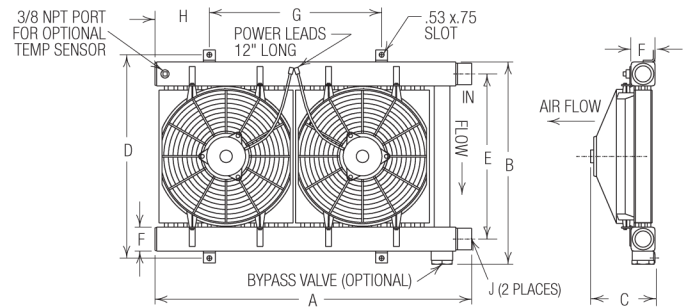
This is a partial flow pressure bypass only. It is not designed to be a full flow system bypass.

Dimensions - 12 & 24 Volt DC Motors

Models MF-15 and MF-30



Model MF-60



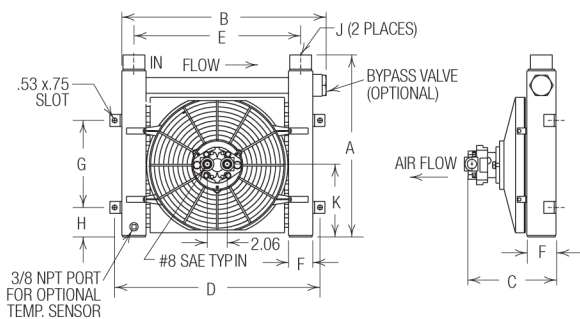
Units shown with optional internal pressure bypass

Model	MF		MFR		C	D	E	F	G	H	J		Shipping Weight (LBS)
	MF	MFR	MF	MFR							NPT	SAE	
MF-15	13.88	15.88	15.75	17.41	4.99	17.25	14.25	1.50	9.00	1.88	1.00	#16	27
MF-30	16.58	18.83	19.75	21.12	6.10	21.25	17.25	2.50	9.00	3.06	1.50	#24	41
MF-60	30.83	33.08	19.75	21.12	6.10	21.25	17.25	2.50	18.00	5.68	1.50	#24	78

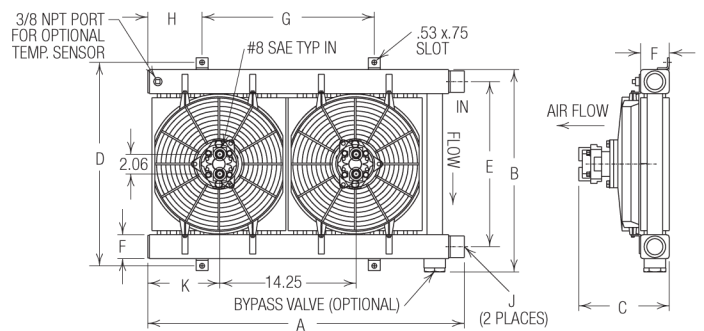
Note: All dimensions are in inches. We reserve the right to make reasonable design changes without notice. *Inlet and Outlet connections can be reversed when the internal bypass is not used.

Dimensions - Hydraulic Motors

Models MF-15 and MF-30



Model MF-60

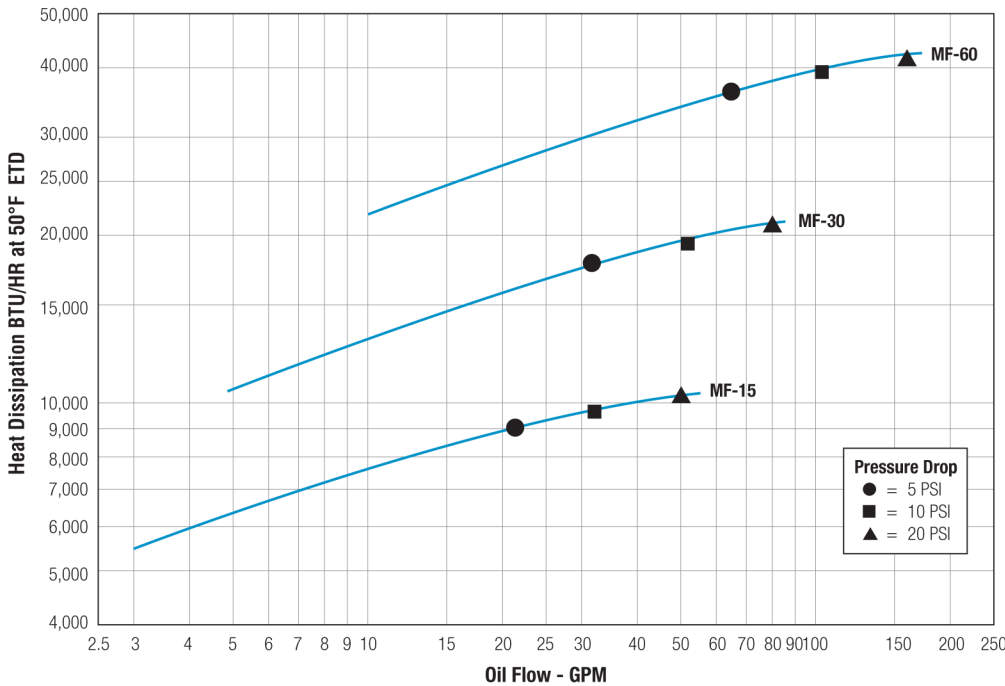


Units shown with optional internal pressure bypass

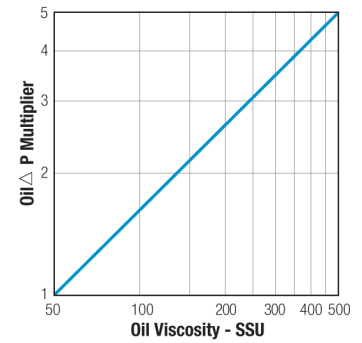
Model	A		B		C	D	E	F	G	H	J		Shipping Weight (LBS)
	MF	MFR	MF	MFR							NPT	SAE	
MF-15	13.88	15.88	15.75	17.41	7.87	17.25	14.25	1.50	9.00	1.88	1.00	#16	27
MF-30	16.58	18.83	19.75	21.12	8.96	21.25	17.25	2.50	9.00	3.06	1.50	#24	41
MF-60	30.83	33.08	19.75	21.12	8.96	21.25	17.25	2.50	18.00	5.68	1.50	#24	78

Note: All dimensions are in inches. We reserve the right to make reasonable design changes without notice. *Inlet and Outlet connections can be reversed when the internal bypass is not used.

Performance Curves



Oil Pressure Correction



Selection Procedure

Performance Curves are based on 50 SSU oil entering the cooler 50°F higher than the ambient air temperature used for cooling. This is referred to as a 50°F ETD

STEP 1 Determine the Heat Load. Heat load may be expressed as either horsepower or BTU/HR To convert horsepower to BTU/HR:
 $BTU/HR = Horsepower \times 2545$

STEP 2 Determine Entering Temperature Difference. The entering oil temperature is generally the maximum desired oil temperature.
 Entering oil temperature – Ambient air temperature = ETD

STEP 3 Determine the Corrected Heat Dissipation to use the curves.
 $Corrected\ Heat\ Dissipation = BTU/HR\ heat\ load \times \frac{50^\circ F \times C_v}{ETD}$

STEP 4 Enter curves at oil flow through cooler and curve heat dissipation. Any curve above the intersecting point will work.

STEP 5 Determine Oil Pressure Drop from Curves:
 ● = 5 PSI ■ = 10 PSI ▲ = 20 PSI Multiply pressure drop from curve by correction factor found in oil Δ P correction curve.

Oil Temperature

Typical operating temperature ranges are:
 Hydraulic Motor Oil 120°F - 180°F
 Hydrostatic Drive Oil 160°F - 180°F
 Engine Lube Oil 180°F - 200°F
 Automatic Transmission Fluid 200°F - 300°F

C_v Viscosity Correction

Average Oil Temp °F	OIL				
	SAE 5 110 SSU at 100°F 40 SSU at 210°F	SAE 10 150 SSU at 100°F 43 SSU at 210°F	SAE 20 275 SSU at 100°F 50 SSU at 210°F	SAE 30 500 SSU at 100°F 65 SSU at 210°F	SAE 40 750 SSU at 100°F 75 SSU at 210°F
100	1.14	1.22	1.35	1.58	1.77
150	1.01	1.05	1.11	1.21	1.31
200	.99	1.00	1.01	1.08	1.10
250	.95	.98	.99	1.00	1.00

Thermostatic Temperature Control Option (DC)

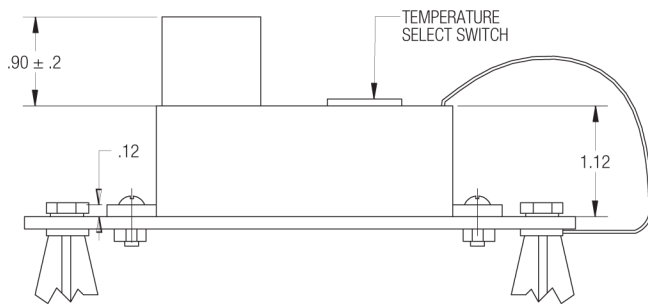
This controller was designed to mount on the cooler without requiring extensive wiring or plumbing. It provides accurate temperature control by cycling the cooling fan(s) to maintain desired oil temperature.

- 12 or 24 volt operation
- Adjustable temperature settings range from 100°F thru 210°F
- For use with one or two fan models — two fans need additional relay
- Temperature sensor provided
- Wiring provided for remote manual override
- Mounting hardware included

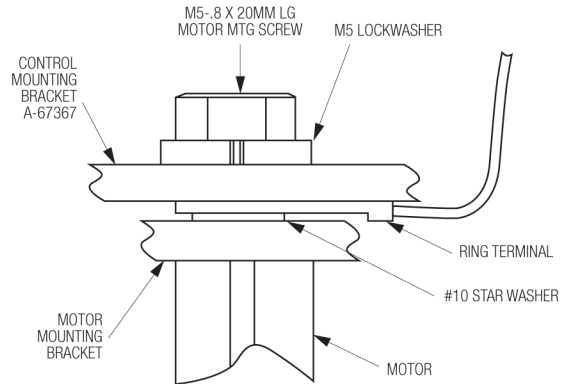
Part Number	Description
96171	Electronic Fan Control Kit
68790	Replacement Control Only
67699	Replacement Sensor Only



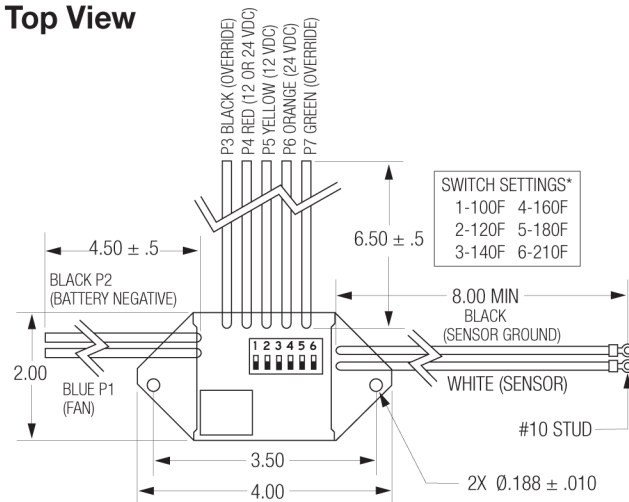
Side View



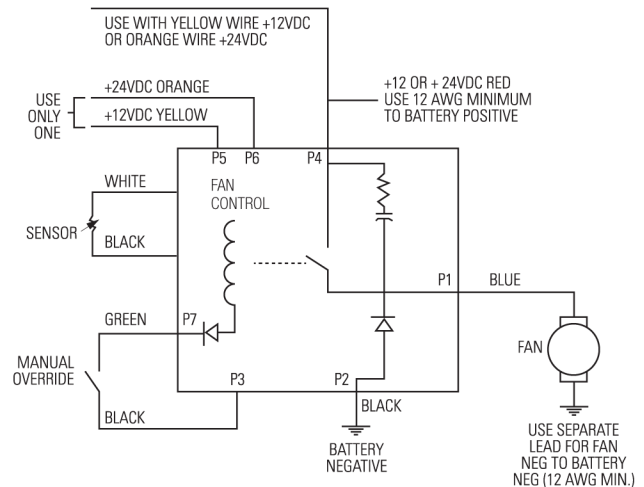
Connection Assembly



Top View



Electrical Schematic



*Only one temperature setting can be activated at a time.

NOTE: This switch should be fused to prevent damage if ground is lost. A 30 amp fuse is required in the power supply.